# **Deconvolution Analysis:**

Oral GH secretagogue (LUM-201) enhances growth in individuals with moderate Pediatric Growth Hormone Deficiency (PGHD) by enhancing endogenous GH secretion and increasing IGF-1

Cassorla F<sup>1</sup>, MD; Román R<sup>1</sup>, MD; Johnson ML<sup>2</sup>, PhD; Avila A<sup>1</sup>, RN; Iñiguez G<sup>1</sup>, PhD; Baier I<sup>1</sup>, MD; Said D<sup>1</sup>, RN; Bruchey A<sup>3</sup>, PhD; Smith C<sup>3</sup>, MS; Brincks EL<sup>3</sup>, PhD; McKew JC<sup>3</sup>, PhD; Karpf DB<sup>3</sup>, MD, PhD; Thorner M<sup>3</sup>, MB BS, DSc

<sup>1</sup>University of Chile, Santiago, Chile <sup>2</sup>University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA <sup>3</sup>Lumos Pharma, Austin, TX



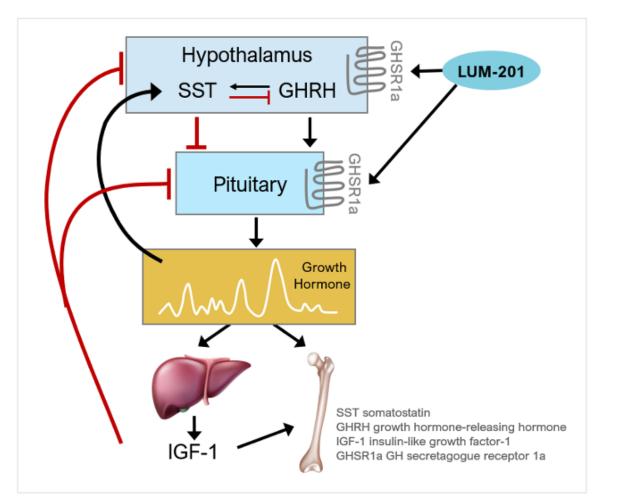
#### Disclosure

Dr. Cassorla is an investigator for clinical studies with LUM-201 at the University of Chile (Sponsor - Lumos Pharma, Inc.) and has previously acted as a consultant for Debiopharm, Pfizer, Merck, Novo Nordisk and Sandoz.

LUM-201 is an investigational compound and is not approved for use by the FDA or any other regulatory agency. Some of the slides in this presentation are derived or copied from corporate presentations previously given by Lumos Pharma, Inc. These slides are used with permission.



## LUM-201 (ibutamoren) – Mechanism of Action



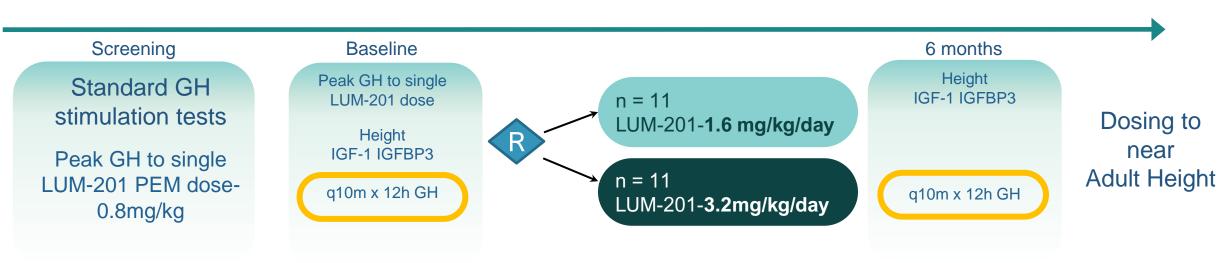
# Oral LUM-201 is a *growth hormone (GH)* secretagogue

- Acts as a durable agonist of GH Secretagogue Receptor (GHSR1a) to stimulate GH release<sup>1</sup>
- LUM-201 has been observed to increase the amplitude of endogenous, pulsatile GH secretion over 24 hours<sup>2,3</sup>
- Another differentiating feature vs rhGH is the *natural negative feedback mechanisms, which limit the potential for hyperstimulation and excessive increases in IGF-1*
- LUM-201 promotes pulsatile GH secretion in a selective PGHD Population
  - ✓ Moderate PGHD Axis Responsive



- 1. Howard 1996 Science 273:974-977
- 2. Nass 2008 Ann Intern Med 149:601-611
- 3. Chapman 1997 J Clin Endocrinol Metab 82:3455-3463

#### Phase 2- Pulsatility and PK/PD Study Design Naive Moderate PGHD Patients



#### **Primary Endpoints:**

- Assess LUM-201 effect on endogenous GH pulsatility and Annualized Height Velocity (AHV)
- Evaluate PK/PD in children

#### Use of PD Data to Combine Cohorts:

• GH responses to the PEM test dose 0.8 mg/kg (p=0.9)

OraGrowtH212

- First treatment doses were not different between the groups (GH C<sub>max</sub> 34.8±6.6ng/ml for 1.6mg/kg and 38.2±11.2 ng/ml for 3.2mg/kg, p=0.7).
- The groups were therefore combined for this analysis.

#### **Baseline Data**

| Subjects<br>N=15                           | 1.6 mg<br>N=8 | 3.2 mg<br>N=7 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
|  | Mean (SD)     |               |
| Age (mos)                                  | 96.9 (11.9)   | 95.0 (22.7)   |
| Height (cm)                                | 115.2 (4.6)   | 113.1 (10.10) |
| Height SDS                                 | -2.1 (0.3)    | -2.3 (0.5)    |
| IGF-1 SDS                                  | -1.1 (0.5)    | -0.8 (0.4)    |
| MPH (cm)                                   | 161.8 (7.0)   | 160.8 (5.7)   |
| MPH SDS $\Delta$                           | 0.7 (0.5)     | 0.8 (0.4)     |
| BA Delay (yrs)                             | 1.5 (0.3)     | 1.8 (0.9)     |
| BMI (SDS)                                  | -0.2 (1.0)    | +0.5 (1.0)    |
| Peak GH response to clonidine stim (ng/mL) | 7.2 (2.4)     | 7.2 (2.3)     |
| Peak GH response to LUM-201 stim (ng/mL)   | 25.3 (6.4)    | 25.4 (11.0)   |
| Male/Female %                              | 63/37         | 71/29         |



#### Minor differences between the two groups:

- Slight imbalance in age and gender
- Slight imbalance in delta below MPH, BMI, and bone age delay



5 KEY: SDS = Standard deviation score MPH = Mid-parental height (Child's target height) MPH SDS  $\Delta$  = MPH SDS-Ht SDS BA = Bone age BMI = Body mass index





1.ML Johnson et al, "Signal-Response Modeling of Partial Hormone Feedback Networks", Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology 2009

OraGrowtH212

1. Peaks of GH concentration are identified and analyzed by combining these features:



1.ML Johnson et al, "Signal-Response Modeling of Partial Hormone Feedback Networks", Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology 2009

- 1. Peaks of GH concentration are identified and analyzed by combining these features:
  - a) a rapid increase representing secretion described by a Gaussian curve



- OraGrowtH212
- 1. Peaks of GH concentration are identified and analyzed by combining these features:
  - a) a rapid increase representing **secretion** described by a Gaussian curve
  - b) a slow decay representing **elimination** based on the half-life of GH in the circulation



- 1. Peaks of GH concentration are identified and analyzed by combining these features:
  - a) a rapid increase representing **secretion** described by a Gaussian curve
  - b) a slow decay representing **elimination** based on the half-life of GH in the circulation
- 2. This generates episodes of GH secretion expressed as ng/ml/min



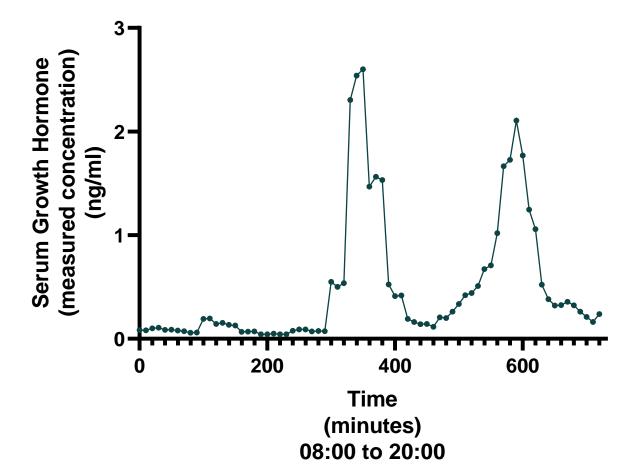
- 1. Peaks of GH concentration are identified and analyzed by combining these features:
  - a) a rapid increase representing **secretion** described by a Gaussian curve
  - b) a slow decay representing **elimination** based on the half-life of GH in the circulation
- 2. This generates episodes of GH secretion expressed as ng/ml/min
- The distribution volume of GH in plasma is used to define secretion over 12 hours per ml of blood, which is then converted into secretion from the pituitary as µg/kg body weight/12 hours



1.ML Johnson et al, "Signal-Response Modeling of Partial Hormone Feedback Networks", Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology 2009

Deconvolution Analysis of Serum GH Pulsatility Provides a measure of pituitary secretion of GH





**GH** concentration

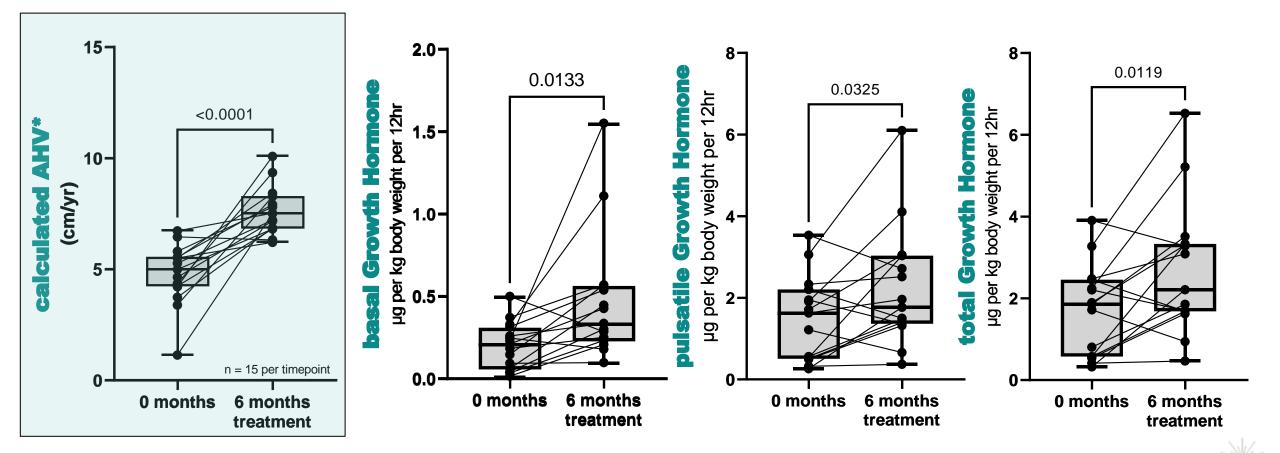
Deconvolution Analysis of Serum GH Pulsatility Provides a measure of pituitary secretion of GH



**GH** secretion **GH** concentration 3-(calculated via deconvolution 0.3 **Growth Hormone** (measured concentration) Serum Growth Hormone basal pulsatile 0.2-2-(ng/ml/min) (Im/gn) 0.1-Secreted 0.010 : 0.005 0.000 200 400 600 0 200 400 600 0 Time Time (minutes) (minutes) 08:00 to 20:00 08:00 to 20:00



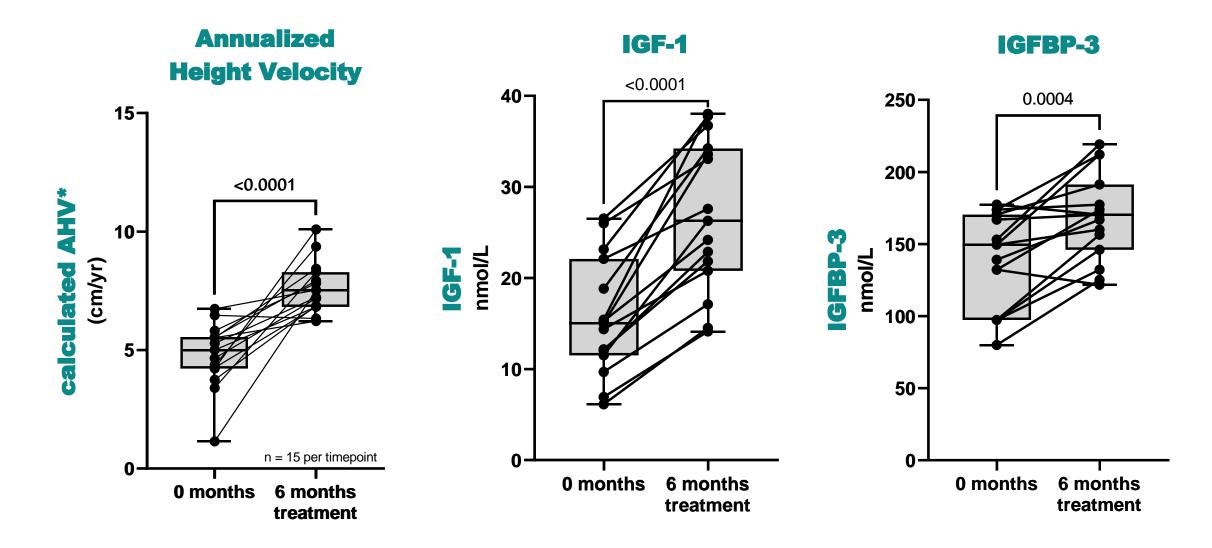
#### Growth Hormone secretion at 0 vs 6 months of oral LUM-201 Treatment All variables from deconvolution based on 72 samples in 12 hours





8

AHV\*, IGF-1, and IGFBP-3 at 0 vs 6 months oral LUM-201(n=15)





OraGrowtH212

\* Annualized Height Velocity

9

Summary After 6 months of treatment with oral once-a-day LUM-201







compared to baseline

Summary

After 6 months of treatment with oral once-a-day LUM-201

Annualized Height Velocity increased by approximately 62%

OraGrowtH212

Summary

 Annualized Height Velocity increased by approximately 62% compared to baseline

After 6 months of treatment with oral once-a-day LUM-201

 Total GH secretion, determined by deconvolution analysis, increased by 60%





### Summary

After 6 months of treatment with oral once-a-day LUM-201

- Annualized Height Velocity increased by approximately 62% compared to baseline
- Total GH secretion, determined by deconvolution analysis, increased by 60%
- Serum IGF-1, after 6 months of LUM-201 administration increased by approximately 80%





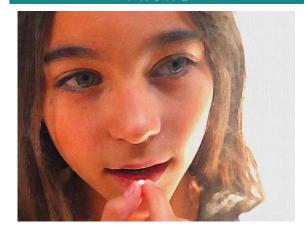
### OraGrowtH212

—— TRIAL





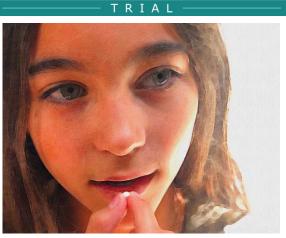






LUM-201 in the potential treatment of moderate PGHD has the advantages of:

• being taken orally once-a-day







- being taken orally once-a-day
- enhancing endogenous pulsatile GH secretion







- being taken orally once-a-day
- enhancing endogenous pulsatile GH secretion
- maintaining normal feedback mechanisms







- being taken orally once-a-day
- enhancing endogenous pulsatile GH secretion
- maintaining normal feedback mechanisms
- restoring normal growth







#### University of Chile, Santiago Institute of Maternal and Child Research Pediatric Team

## OraGrowtH212



